MP-202(Old)/MP-107

December - Examination 2016

Master of Business Administration - I Year Examination

Financial Management

Paper - MP-202(Old)/MP-107

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks: - 80

Note: The question paper is divided into three sections A, B and C. Write answers.

Section - A

 $8 \times 2 = 16$

Note: All questions in this section are compulsory. Each question will be of 2 marks and maximum word limit for each answer will be 30 words.

- 1) (i) What do you understand by financial management?
 - (ii) What is profit maximisation?
 - (iii) Give the formulae of Breakeven point.
 - (iv) How are debentures classified?
 - (v) What is meant by operating cycle?
 - (vi) What is pay back period?
 - (vii) What do you mean by annuity?
 - (viii) What is dividend policy?

Section - B

 $4 \times 8 = 32$

Note: This section contain 8 questions. Examinees will have to answer any four questions. Each question will be of 8 marks and maximum word limit for each answer is 200 words.

- 2) Explain the motives for holding cash.
- 3) Find out the operating leverage: sales ₹ 1,00,000, variable cost 40%, fixed cost ₹ 20,000
- 4) Discuss the significance of financial management.
- 5) What are term loans?
- 6) Find out the EOQ from the following particulars:

Annual consumption = 4000 units

Price per unit = ₹10

Ordering cost per order = ₹60

Inventory carrying cost = 30% of the value of inventory

- 7) What is the cost of Equity Capital?
- 8) Explain the features of Capital Budgeting.
- 9) What is decision tree approach? Discuss.

Section - C

 $2 \times 16 = 32$

Note: Attempt any 2 questions within 500 words of each answer.

- 10) A ltd has issued 2000 equity shares of ₹ 100 each as fully paid. The company has earned a profit of ₹ 20,000 after tax. The market price of these share is ₹ 160 per share. Find out the cost of equity capital using earnings yield method.
- 11) Explain the different types of policies of dividend distribution.
- 12) What are the constituents of working capital? Explain.
- 13) Calculate P/V Ratio, BEP and margin of safety from the following information:

₹
Sales 40,000
Fixed cost 12,000

Variable cost

20,000